Dividing 1 and 2 digits by a hundred



a) Draw counters to show 8 on the place value chart.

Ones	Tenths	Hundredths

b) Complete the division.

c) Draw counters to show your answer on the place value chart.

Ones	Tenths	Hundredths

What do you notice?

a) Draw counters to show 80 on the place value chart.

Tens	Ones	Tenths	Hundredths

b) Complete the division.

c) Draw counters to show your answer on the place value chart.

Tens	Ones	Tenths	Hundredths	

What do you notice?







3 Complete the sentence.

To divide by 100 you move the counters places to the _____

4 Complete the calculations.

Dora is working out 48 ÷ 100 using a place value chart.

Tens	Ones	Tenths	Hundredths



To divide by 100 you move two places to the right, so 48 ÷ 100 is 40.08

Tens	Ones	Tenths	Hundredths
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a) Explain the mistake that Dora has made.

b) Complete the division.

This Gattegno chart shows the number 37

10	20	30	40	50	60	70	80	90
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
0.1	0.2	0.3	0.4	0.5	0.6	0.7	0.8	0.9
0.01	0.02	0.03	0.04	0.05	0.06	0.07	0.08	0.09

a) Explain how you would work out 37 ÷ 100 using this chart.

Compare answers with a partner.

b) Use the Gattegno chart to complete the division.

c) Use the Gattegno chart to complete the division.

Complete the calculations.

f)
$$\div 100 = 0.58$$



What do you notice?





Dividing by 100 is always the same as dividing by 10 twice.



Do you agree with Amir? _____

Explain your answer.



Roll two dice to make two 2-digit numbers.

Divide your numbers by 100. Record your answer. Roll again.

Here is an example.



 $36 \div 100 \text{ and } 63 \div 100$

What is the greatest possible answer you can get?



What is the smallest possible answer?

Compare answers with a partner.



